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(Continued from page L;

Representative Fuller was appointed yesterday afternoon in place of representative Humphrey on the free conference committee which is considering the congressional redistricting bill. This is considered a victory for the house members.

members.

Both branches of the legislature have finally passed the bill for the establishment of a state training school for the feeble minded.

Bond Measures Signed.

The governor yesterday afternoon signed the proposed constitutional amendment which authorizes the issuance of university and A. and M. college bonds, penitentiary bonds and public warehouse bonds. The amendment will be voted on next July.

The senate passed to engrossment Lattimore's anti-Sunday amusement bill, after adopting an amendment prohibiting Sunday baseball.

Senate Passes Many Bills.

Sennie Passes Many Bills. The senate finally passed the following bills: The act for the acceptance of the Gonzalez battleground, with an appropriation of \$1500 for the erection of

represent of the park.

The bill authorizing the formation of corporations for the purpose of constructing public toil roads.

The bill for creating the office of bond inspector, to be appointed by the board of education, with power to interest county and municipal bonds.

spect county and municipal bonds.

Rigid White Slave Law.

The white slave law was recalled and an amendment placing the penalty for violation at from five to 26 years in the penitentlary and from \$1000 to \$5000 fine, was adopted.

Answers Budapeth.

Representative Ritchie, of Mineral Wells, a member of the free conference committee on congressional redistricting, have out a statement last night, after submitting it to representatives Burges and Harris, which replies to the statement by senator Hudspeth.

"While I consider the congressional redistricting bill, as reported by the free conference committee, and which will probably be followed to some extent in such bills as may be later reported, very unfair to many sections of the state, because of recent interviews relative to the El Faso district, I wish to say, especially with reference to the El Paso district, in the relevance.

"It is claimed by the friends of the bill that the distance from El Paso to New Braunfels, in Comal county, about 700 miles, is no greater than the distance from El Paso to my county (Palo Pinto), which is the eastern extremity of the old 18th district. This is not correct, but if it were true, the contention would have little point to it, when we hear in mind that the population of the present 18th district has more than doubled since the district was formed, having increased from a district with El Paso county, 700 miles away.

Congressman Smith.

"A great deal has been said about the present congressman from El Paso district and an effort made to appear that the opposition to the El Paso district comes solely from his friends. It would be an indisputable proposition that any congressman from Texas has the right to object to an effort at what is vastly more important, is that the people in those sections of the west are entitled to fair treatment at the

NO SMOKE

into effect the home rule constitutional amendment, was yesterday afternoon referred to a free conference committee and an agreement later was reached.

On Redistricting Work.

Representative Fuller was appointed yesterday afternoon in place of representative fine process. The district of the census of 1919.

The bill as reported places in the El Pase district nine counties not at present in the district, as follows: Kinney, Val Verde, Terreil, Bandera, Kerr, Kendall, Gillespie, Hanco and Comal,

Hudspeth's Defence Incorrect. These counties alone have a combined area in excess of the area contained in probably half of the concressional districts in the state. The statement from the senator from El Paso that only six counties are placed in the district which were not before contained therein is thus seen to be far from correct.

far from correct

"The counties of Coke, Reynolds and Concho, the population of which counties were anxious to be piaced in the El Paso district, were included in the district, al present represented by Mr. Calloway. Tom Green was yielded to the El Paso district only after the most stubborn effort on the part of the house conferres. These counties have for long been in the El Paso district; there is a community of interest existing, and it seems to be the bearwhelming sentiment of the people of those counties that they desire to remain where they have been heretofore,

Wanted in El Paso District. far from correct.

Wanted in El Paso District. "Neither is it true that the counties and representatives in Mr. Calloway's district wanted to retain those count-ties, but Mr. Ross, of Commanche county, a member of the conference committee, insisted most earnestly that they should be placed in the El Paso district.

insisted most earnestly that they should be placed in the El Paso district.

What is the reason for adding all the counties first mentioned on the southeast end of the district and eliminating the counties last above mentioned and others, and thus breaking away all of such counties from their old associations? It certainly cannot be because of the wishes of the people of the El Paso district, for protesis have come not only from every part of the proposed district, but from every part of the old 16th district as well.

Letters and Telegrams.

Letters and Telegrams.

Theye had numerous letters and telegrams from my district protesting against the gerrymander. My people could not in any event be put in the El Pase district and they have no direct interest in the matter, but simply want to see a square deal. "It does not seem that 'the protection of the livestock industry' would require that the German-American citizens of Comal, Kendall and other counties should be placed in a congressional district with El Paso county, 700 miles away.

NO CINDERS

Some Spring and Summer Needs at Attractive Prices

Water Hose, Weeding Hoes and grubbing hoes. Also all kinds of garden tools. We sell guaranteed water hose.

25 ft. lengths guaranteed \$2.75 Hose, for

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Rakes ...

Vodor Hammocks are the one guaranteed Hammock. They come in all sizes and colors, but they are all good. We are showing a complete Prices range up

Perfection Oil Stoves 2 burner size, worth \$9.00. Spe-

cial on sale.... \$7.50

We sell White Mountain ice cream freezers. They are the best, ranging in price up



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3 piece garden set, Hoe,



Refrigerators

erators in the city, including the well known Gurney and Leonard Cleanable, in white enamel and porcelain

Side Icers, like cut, range in \$18.00 Top icers with adjustable, wire shelves range up

Summer necessities at the lowest

hands of the legislature in the matter of redistricting.
"The real trouble is not a congres-sional trust, but that the interests and rights of the people are wholly lost sight of in the effort to promote the fortunes of individual and certain in-terests."

We have a full assortment,

inferior makes.

WIND DOES DAMAGE TO HOMES IN CITY

One House Is Moved From Its Foundstion: Others Unroofed; Telephone Poles Are Blown Downs.

Poles Are Blown Downs.

Damage was done in several parts of El Paso Tuesday night by the windstorm that swept over the city and surrounding country. A chimney on the home of J. H. Myers, at 3194 Montana street, was blown down and broke through the roof.

Several small sheds in the Highland Park section and other high ground were blown down or badly damaged but no one has been reported injured.

E. R. Bennett's residence, in Government Hill, was lifted from its foundations and moved several feet, and the furniture in it tossed around.

Other damage was done in the Government Hill section, but none of it was serious. It was reported that the

was serious. It was reported that the wind had damaged C. F. Ederie's engine house, near his residence, but Mr. Ederie on Wednesday said none of his property had been damaged by the

Telephone poles are reported to have been blown down along the streets in several places and along the county road some of the big advertising signs were turned over by the wind.

W. E. Brickel's Ford automobile was blown and the property of the blown and the property of the wind. blown away from in front of his resi-dence, on Prospect avenue, and turned turils as it was rolling down the hill.

turfle as it was rolling down the hill.

Cold Wave With Wind.

As a dracker on the storm in the north, a little cold wave romped over the city Tuesday night and left the temperature several degrees below par Wednesday morning. The wind which accompanied the bit of unpleasantness blew over outbuildings in Highland Park, distributed sand over the scenery and made the going as heavy as a choppy sea.

NEW MEXICO PISHING TO OPEN ON MAY 15.

Albuquerque, N. M., March 28.—The fishing senson in New Mexico does not open until May 15. according to a statement made yesterday by Tony-Ortiz, deputy game warden, and he warns all the followers of Isaac Walton, who contemplate angling for the festive trout to steer clear of the streams until that date if they wish to avoid prosecution for violation of the state game and fish laws.

The duck season closes March 31. after which date it will be unlawful to shoot ducks.

State game warden Trinidad C. de Baca is expected to arrive in Albaquerque tonight on his way south on a trip. He will confer with deputy game warden Ortiz while here.

Drink El Paso Dairy buttermilk. It's freshing and invigorating. Phone 240.

while in the U.S. A.

If an English lord says there's nothing worth

The Gloriously good Cigarette.

Hear him say: "Bah Jove, these beat deah old

Don't argue - proffer him a Nebo.

Observe his joyous lawfter.

Lunnon! Eh, what?"

there was a provision that if 60 percent of the voters of the proposed new county and 30 percent in the "old county" should vote for division, division would carry. The house has now reduced the 30 percent to 15. It also adopted an amendment providing that if 75 percent of the voters in the new county are for division, they shall have their wish, no matter if not a vote is cast for division in the old county. The senate decided to require 10 percent of the votes in the old county in cases where 75 percent in the new county are for division.

Saxon and others contended that to adopt an amendment would be to kill the bill. They declared that the senate would not concur in the amendments. Meddock said that the bill was "a makeshift, drawn with the intention that it should be a makeshift." (Continued from page 1.)

Horns for Autos. The committee came within an ace of passing a bill requiring every automobile in Arizona to have an electric horn,

or warning signal.
House bil No. 60, regulating the issuance of licenses to motor vehicles and chauffeurs, was up for discussion. It was drawn by secretary of state Sidney 2. Onborn and introduced by representative Irvine. One of the secretarys duties is to issue motor licenses.

When that section requiring electric barns was read several gases were When that section requiring electric horns was read, several gasps were heard. Someone demanded to know how it got in there. Curry, of the good reads committee, said that it had been inserted during a rewriting of the bill without directions from any one, but he did not fix the responsibility. By a viva voce vote the section was atricken out.

Would Examine Chauffeurs. The reading cierk reached the secmined before being granted licenses, his provision gives the secretary of ate power to employ examiners at a day.

Brooks was afraid that an attempt was being ninde to create some more political jobs. Secretary Osborn was in the chamber and he made an earnest talk in favor of the examination of chanffeurs. Chauffeurs are examined in all other states, he said, and he naw no reason why the people of Arizona should not be protected against irresponsible persons driving automobiles for hire. The present law requires him to issue a chauffeur's license to anyone who applies for it. He did not consider himself competent to examine consider himself competent to examine to be possible to employ examiners for Brooks was afraid that an attempt

not be possible to employ examiners for less than \$5 a day.
Osborn's argument carried weight.
No one even moved that that section be stricken out. But the bill was sent back to the good roads committee for some other minor amendments.

Baths for the Insanc.

Baths for the Insanc.

action was taxon on the lollowing code bills:

Senate bill 122, relating to change of name; senate bill 123, regarding in junctions; senate bill 124, relating to attachments and garnishments; senate bill 121, relating to entry and forcible detainer; bouse bill 95, relating to civil actions; house bill 95, relating to contracts; house bill 97, relating to turies.

baths at the asylum for the insane was recommended for passage. Favorable action was taken on the following

contracts; house bill 97, relating to juries.

Brooks's eight hour law for women was passed by a vote of 22 to eight. Those casting the negative votes were Harker, Buchanan, Curry, Duncan, Ellis, Jacobser Kelton and Mattox.

Greenlye Measure Passes.

There was no division on senate bill 17, to legalize the acts of the supervisors of Greenlee county who returned tax money to persons who were overtaxed on personal property. House code bills No. 80 and 87, the former relating to homesteads and exemptions and the latter to marriage and divorce, were passed. Eight votes were cast against the homestead bill. Some of the representatives thought the exemption clause was too broad.

Babbit's bill to appropriate \$112,000 for the San Francisco fair was taken off the calendar of the committee of the whole and referred to the appropriations committee, in order to give ertain San Franciscans now here a chance to be heard.

To Give Veterans a Trip.

The appropriations committee recommended the passage of Johnson's bill appropriating \$1800 for the expenses of Arizona veterans of the battle of Gettysburg to the reunion next summer. A favorable report was made by the public health committee on senate bill. 113, by Cunniff, restricting the sale of hypodermic syringes and needles. Babbitt offered a resolution to pay attaches of the house avertime for high sessions.

Forest Service Condemned. Tuesday was another busy day in the senate and many important bills were passed.

passed.
Pace's Joint resolution condemning and denouncing the forest service was adopted by an overwhelming vote. Roberts, Sims and H. R. Wood were the only senators who voted against it. Even Breen, a Republican and a former forest supervisor, voted in the affirma-

The resolution offered by the committee on state accounting and methods of business, asking state examiner W. H. Plunkett to make an examination of the records of the state prison, was sclopted and sent to the house. All the Republicans voted against the resolution and all the Democrats voted for it.

Republicans voted against the resolution and all the Democrats voted for it.

Regulating Sale of Polsons.

Representative Ball's measure restricting and regulating the sale of poisons was the only house bill to base the senate yesterday.

by a vote of ten to eight the Wessel bill to compensate attorneys appointed to defend pauper criminals was passed. It was defeated a few days ago and brought up for reconsideration.

The vote was the same on senate bill 1M. by Cunniff, establishing the office of legislative reference librarian. Davis stated that while he had no doubt a librarian would be of much service to the legislature, he thought the senate needed many things much more. Davis, Brown, Lovin, Pace, Wessel and Willis voted 'ho' on the bill.

the bill.

Senate bill 142, introduced by the committee on judiciary, and providing for a parole board of three members appointed by the governor, was passed, but the vote was reconsidered and it was sent to the enrolling and engrossing committee for an amendment. As it stood, the bill regulared that the board be unnanimous before a parole or pardon could be issued to a prisoner.

Without a dissenting vote, Breen's bill to put into affect the constitutional amendment permitting cities to increase their bonded inndebtedness from four per cent to 19 percent of their assersed valuation, was passed.

The other senate bills passed yesterday were Noe, 87, 154, 155 and 157, all code measures.

Fight on Land Measure.

There was another fight on the state and wastered to be state that the constitution in the state.

Fight on Land Measure.

There was another fight on the state land question. It is a dull day that the senate does not get into an argument over this problem. No. 33, the Roberts land leasing bilt, was once more up for discussion. Every time anyone mentions No. 23, spines begin to stiffen and hair begins to rise. After much discussion an ameniment offered by moving timber, stone or other removingn timber, stone or other removingn timber, stone or other removings was adopted.

A motion to have done with No. 22 by indefinitely outponing it, was lost by a vote of 7 to 12.

Refuse to Limit Bills.

Refuse to Limit Bills.

The constitutional amendments and referendims committee recommended the indefinite pratronement of Breen's bill to limit the legislature to 59 passed.

bill to limit the legislature to 59 passed bills at one session.

Without recommendation the appropriations committee returned Roberts's skeleton appropriation bill and it was referred to be committee of the whole. Petitions were received from Santa Cruz and Cochine county asking for the passage of the tax committee's bill reorganizing the board of control Oppose Mine Tax Measure.

Opposition on the part of representations

Opposition on the part of representatives of practically all the big min igen method of assessing mines on ad velocem valuation was the principal feature of a hearing on mine taxation.

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bel in correction accounts and account account account and account and account account account and account acc	
Beets extra fancy	5c
Rhubarb (Pie Plant)— per ib	15c
Spinach—fresh daily— 2 lbs	15c
Carrots—fresh daily— 2 bunches	5c
Arkansas Black Apples—extra fancy—	25c
Gano Apples—fancy—	25c
Gano Apples—funcy— 4 lbs	10c
Grape Fruit— Extra large Yellow Yams—Sweet Potatoes—	.5c
Yellow Yams-Sweet Potatoes- per lb	250
Celery—white and nice— 3 bunches	250
Bayou Beans—good cookers— 6 lbs	200
Del Monte Preserves— Regular 30c size Del Monte Preserves—	1 00
Del Monte Preserves— 5 lb. tins	50c
Canned Fruit—3 lb. size— 3 for	20c
Asaragus Tips—white— 2 lb. sire	25c
Canned Corn—Standard— 3 for	25c
Republic Peas—none better—	15c
Elue Ribbon Butter—	75c
Bine Ribbon Eggs—always good—	25c
Blue Ribbon Coffee-free of chickory-	35c
2 for	25c
Lipton's Yellow Label Coffee- per lb	
Bulk Starch— 4 lbs	25c
3 lbs	.25c
Jap Rice— 4 Ibs Salmon—Pink, tall cans—	25c
2 for version control conference was a series of the conference of the control of	25c
per lh	
3 for	25c
Lenox Soap—large, heavy bars— 7 for	25c
6 bars Bob White Soap, 6 bars	25c
6 bars	
Gloss Starch-	
Consentrated Lwa-	A
2 cans Gold Dust Largest size	
Dutch Cleaner—	25c
7 67 -4	



held before the finance committees of e house and senate. Most of the mining men expressed willingness to accept as a compre-nise some method of assessing mines in a combination of gross and net orchection. Two of them, however, poke against any such plan, declar-ing that net production alone is the only equitable basis.

The principal address on behalf of the mining companies was made by J. Parke Channing, consulting engineer of the Miami Copper company.

Most of Arizona's mines are different from those of Michigan, and Mr. Chanding, who opposed the Michigan assessment plan. The veins and shoots in the Copper Queen, Calumet & Arizona, Old Dominion, United Verde and many other producers are of varying width. Until the ore has been blocked out on three sides no one can be sure. ut on three sides no one can be sure but it is there. The blanket deposits I Ray and some of the Morenet mines in he estimated with reasonable ac

Mr. Channing drew attention to the fact that the value of a mine decreases every time a pound of ore is taken out. It does not increase in value as it is worked, as does a farm.

Carmichnel's Protest. The first speaker for the mining companies was Norman Carmichael, general manager of the Arisons Copper company, at Clifton. Mr. Carmichael told of the meeting of mining men in Phoenix last November, when it was agreed that a combination of is was agreed that a combination of the net and grows value would be accepted as a basis of assessment. At least 35 percent of the mine owners of the state, he said, agreed to that arrangement. Subsequently a hill was drawn providing for an annual tax based on 100 percent of the gross and the physical value of improvements and enuipment.

and P. J. Miller, said Mr. Carmichael, is the same, but their percentages are too high. No system of taxation can ever be devised, said Mr. Carmichael, that will be regarded by everyone as equitable between the mines.

J. W. Bennie, general manager of the Stannon Copper company at Clifton, Stannon Copper company at Clifton, stood for a tax based on net production alone. He predicted that wrotests would be made by many of the big companies were any other bases. blg companies were any other basis

on taries widely, therefore no tax on gross output can be equitable.
Will L Clark, scheral manager of the United Verde, stated that the system of assessing on net production has been adopted in Montana Colorado and many other states. He and his associates, however, were willing to accept a combination of net and gross.

PARCELS POST LAW PRESENTS PROBLEM FOR BURLESON

PROBLEM FOR BURLESON Washington, D. C., March 26.—An interpretation of law, which if sustained, would take away from the express companies all of their business in packages weighing less than 11 pounds is pussiing postmaster general Burleson and legal sharps of the department. Same interpreters of the parcel post law, constraing that statute in connection with the postal class of the cansattution maintain that it has the effect of giving the government a me-

Under the constitution and the accumulated statutes and decisions of court, it is unlawful for any private individual or concern to compete with the government in handling mail matter. This law, those who have raised the question claim automatically covers all activities of the postoffice department and therefore would cover the parcel post service. The principle of the bill proposed by tax commissioners Charles R. Howe

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